

Republic of the Philippines Supreme Court Manila

FIRST DIVISION

NOTICE

Sirs/Mesdames:

Please take notice that the Court, First Division, issued a Resolution dated February 5, 2020 which reads as follows:

"G.R. No. 218580 — PEOPLE OF THE PHILIPPINES, plaintiff-appellee, versus RODELIO SERADILLA y EUSEBIO, accused-appellant.

After a careful review of the records of the instant case, the Court reverses and sets aside the assailed Decision¹ dated August 27, 2014 of the Court of Appeals (CA) in CA-G.R. CR-HC No. 06387, which affirmed the Judgment² dated August 14, 2013 rendered by Branch 204, Regional Trial Court of Muntinlupa City (RTC) in Criminal Case No. 08-002, finding accused-appellant Rodelio Seradilla y Eusebio (Seradilla) guilty beyond reasonable doubt of violating Section 5, Article II of Republic Act No. (R.A.) 9165, otherwise known as the "Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002," as amended. The Court acquits Seradilla for failure of the prosecution to prove his guilt beyond reasonable doubt.

In the conduct of buy-bust operations, Section 21 of R.A. 9165 provides: (1) that the seized items be inventoried and photographed immediately after seizure or confiscation; and (2) that the physical inventory and photographing must be done in the presence of (a) the accused or his/her representative or counsel, (b) an elected public official, (c) a representative from the media, and (d) a representative from the Department of Justice (DOJ), all of whom shall be required to sign the copies of the inventory and be given a copy thereof.

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² CA rollo, pp. 33-43. Penned by Presiding Judge Juanita T. Guerrero.



Rollo, pp. 2-21. Penned by Associate Justice Fernanda Lampas-Peralta, with Associate Justices Francisco P. Acosta and Myra V. Garcia-Fernandez concurring.

In the instant case, it is not denied that the marking and inventory of the seized items were conducted in the presence only of a local government employee — who was not included in the law's enumeration of required witnesses. Based on the factual findings of both the RTC and the CA, there was no elected official, or a representative from the media, or a representative from the DOJ, who witnessed the inventory.

The Court has held that the presence of the witnesses from the DOJ, media, and from public elective office is necessary to protect against the possibility of planting, contamination, or loss of the seized drug.³ Using the language of the Court in *People v. Mendoza*,⁴ without the *insulating presence* of the representative from the media or the DOJ and any elected public official during the seizure and marking of the drugs, the evils of switching, "planting" or contamination of the evidence that had tainted buy-bust operations in the past would not be averted, negating the integrity and credibility of the seizure and confiscation of the seized items that were evidence of the *corpus delicti*, and thus adversely affected the trustworthiness of the incrimination of the accused.⁵

Concededly, however, there are instances wherein departure from the aforesaid mandatory procedures are permissible. Section 21 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of R.A. 9165 provides that "non-compliance of these requirements under justifiable grounds, as long as the integrity and the evidentiary value of the seized items are properly preserved by the apprehending officer/team, shall not render void and invalid such seizures and custody over said items."

For this provision to be effective, however, the prosecution must first (1) recognize any lapse on the part of the police officers and (2) be able to justify the same.⁶

Applying the foregoing in the instant case, it must be stressed that the prosecution failed to recognize the authorities' failure to obtain the mandatory witnesses during the marking and inventory of the seized items. Moreover, the prosecution failed to make any justification for the non-observance of the law.

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³ People v. Tomawis, G.R. No. 228890, April 18, 2018, 862 SCRA 131, 149.

⁴ 736 Phil. 749 (2014).

⁵ Id. at 764.

⁶ See *People v. Alagarme*, 754 Phil. 449, 461 (2015).

Breaches of the procedure outlined in Section 21 committed by the police officers, left unacknowledged and unexplained by the State, militate against a finding of guilt beyond reasonable doubt against the accused as the integrity and evidentiary value of the *corpus delicti* would be compromised.⁷

In light of the foregoing, the Court restores the liberty of Seradilla.

WHEREFORE, in view of the foregoing, the appeal is hereby GRANTED. The Decision dated August 27, 2014 of the Court of Appeals in CA-G.R. CR-HC No. 06387 is hereby REVERSED and SET ASIDE. Accordingly, accused-appellant Rodelio Seradilla y Eusebio is ACQUITTED of the crime charged on the ground of reasonable doubt, and is ORDERED IMMEDIATELY RELEASED from detention unless he is being lawfully held for another cause. Let an entry of final judgment be issued immediately.

Let a copy of this Resolution be furnished the Director of the Bureau of Corrections, Muntinlupa City, for immediate implementation. The said Director is **ORDERED** to **REPORT** to this Court within five (5) days from receipt of this Resolution the action he has taken.

SO ORDERED." Peralta, C.J., no part; Carandang, J., Additional Member per Raffle dated January 22, 2020.

Very truly yours,

LIBRADA C. BUENA
Division Clerk of Court

The Solicitor General 134 Amorsolo Street, Legaspi Village 1229 Makati City Court of Appeals (x) Manila (CA-G.R. CR HC No. 06387)

The Hon. Presiding Judge Regional Trial Court, Branch 204 1770 Muntinlupa City (Crim. Case No. 08-002)

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⁷ See *People v. Sumili*, 753 Phil. 342, 350 (2015).

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